Rhythm

63 Zillicoa Street Asheville, NC 28801 © Genova Diagnostics

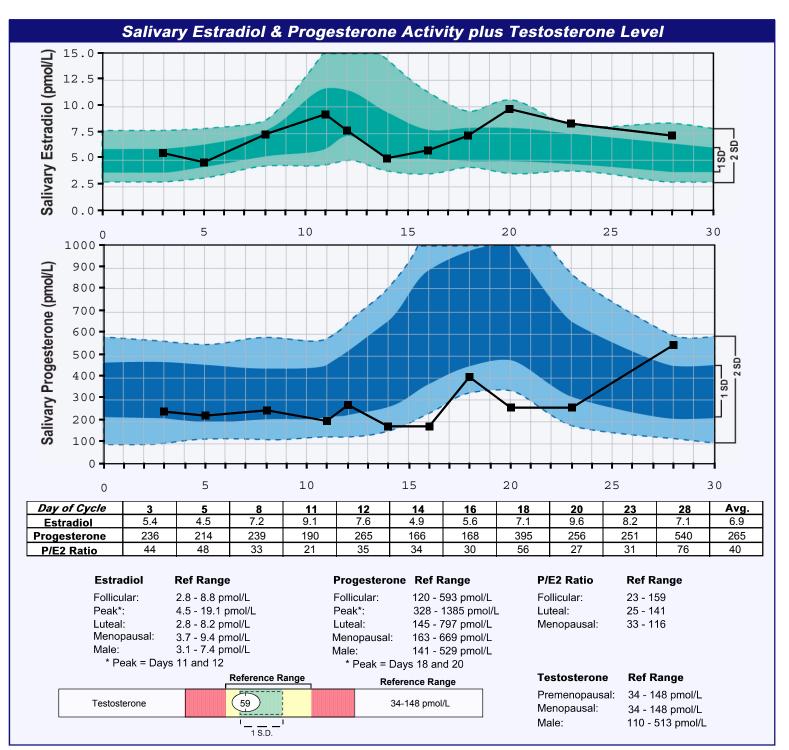


Patient: SAMPLE

PATIENT

Age: Sex:

MRN:



Commentary

Reference ranges are based on morning collection.

The Reference Range for each day is a statistical interval representing 95% or 2 Standard Deviations (2 S.D.) of the reference population. One Standard Deviation (1 S.D.) is a statistical interval representing 68% of the reference population. Values between 1 and 2 S.D. are not necessarily abnormal. Clinical correlation is suggested.

The performance characteristics of all assays have been verified by Genova Diagnostics, Inc. Unless otherwise noted with * as cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, assays are For Research Use Only.

Commentary is provided to the practitioner for educational purposes, and should not be interpreted as diagnostic or treatment recommendations. Diagnosis and treatment decisions are the responsibility of the practitioner.

The first half of the menstrual cycle (Follicular Phase) culminates in an Estradiol peak between Days 10-14 (in a 'perfect' 28 day cycle - counting from first day of last menses). The second half of a 28-day menstrual cycle (Luteal Phase) should demonstrate a Progesterone peak between Days 18-22, which coincides with a smaller Estradiol rise. Alterations in this normal hormonal cycling may be indicative of anovulation or luteal phase defects, which may be associated with menstrual bleeding problems. Finally, menstrual cycle lengths often vary from 24-35 days. While the follicular phase may vary in duration, the luteal phase is relatively fixed at 14 days.

Excess luteal estradiol: Higher than usual levels of estradiol show on one or more occasions in the luteal phase of the cycle. This may be due to decreased hepatic clearance of estrogen, high body mass index, hypothyroidism, or current or recent use of transdermal estradiol. High estradiol may contribute to disorders such as PMS, dysmenorrhea, certain types of seizure activity, or dysfunctional uterine bleeding.

Testosterone is within the expected range for this patient's age. Normal levels of this hormone are important for libido, maintaining lean body mass and bone density.